

# RIGHTS OF THE LGBTQIA+ POPULATION IN BRAZIL

PARLIAMENTARY OBSERVATORY OF THE UNIVERSAL PERIODIC REVIEW

## RECOMMENDATIONS TO BRAZIL

3<sup>RD</sup> CYCLE OF THE UNIVERSAL PERIODIC REVIEW (2017 - 2021)

Recommendation	Assessment
39. Take the necessary measures to deal with homo-transphobic crimes, including establishing a system to register these crimes (Sweden).	↑
40. Take urgent action to adopt legislation sanctioning discrimination and incitement to violence based on sexual orientation, investigate and sanction cases of violence against LGBTQI people (Argentina).	×
41. Continue to promote laws and initiatives prohibiting discrimination and incitement to violence on grounds of sexual orientation and gender identity, specifically for young people and adolescents (Chile).	↑
42. Redouble the capacity-building efforts for all the security forces, aiming at avoiding practices of racial bias, or, directed, among others, against vulnerable minorities such as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons (Colombia).	×
43. Continue to take steps to develop legislation and policies at the federal, state, and municipal levels to punish and prevent hate crimes and discrimination against the LGBTI population (Finland).	×
44. Adopt specific legislation, in line with international human rights obligations, prohibiting discrimination and incitement to violence based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Honduras).	×
45. Following the measures implemented at the national level, ensure that Brazilian municipalities develop specific policies to guarantee the rights of LGBTI people (Israel).	×
66. Stipulate measures to improve the low registration rates of cases of violence and discrimination against LGBTI people and develop policies for punishing and preventing such acts (Israel).	×
67. Ensure that all hate crimes against LGBTI people are thoroughly investigated and prosecuted and seek to reduce hatred by integrating human rights education into school curricula (Canada).	↓

90. Ensure that the conditions of detention centers adhere to international and Brazilian laws and that special attention is paid to the conditions faced by vulnerable prisoners, including pregnant women, children and LGBTI persons; and provide human rights training to legal and judicial system officials (Ireland).	↑
196. Ensure the effective implementation of measures to prevent, punish and eradicate all forms of violence and discrimination against women and LGBTI people (Mexico).	↓

Caption: ✖ In progress | ↑ In retrogression | ↓ Not fulfilled